

CITY OF ROMA, TEXAS
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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Reyna & Garza, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2111 Jackson Creek Ave.

Edinburg, TX 78539

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council
CITY OF ROMA

Members of the Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Roma, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Roma's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Roma Economic Development Corporation, which represent 100 percent, respectively, of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for economic development, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roma as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2013, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8 and 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Roma's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Reyna & Garza, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

May 8, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis
CITY OF ROMA, TEXAS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of City of Roma, Texas (the "City"), discuss and analyze the City's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the City's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 9.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net assets: increased by \$612,423 as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of our business-type activities: decreased by \$(884,052 or 2.3 percent, net assets of all governmental activities: increased, by \$1,496,475 or nearly 14.5 percent.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$316,795 more than the \$ 4.08 million generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs (before special items).
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues decreased from \$5.22 million to \$5.17 million, while expenses increased from \$5.45 million to \$ 5.79 million (or 6.2 percent).
- Total cost of all of the City's programs decreased from \$ 10.59 million to \$ 10.22 million (or 3.4 percent).
- The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$ 384 thousand.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$139 thousand more than budgeted for the General Fund.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities on pages 9 and 10. These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements starting on page 12 report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the City were sold to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements (when applicable), provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the City.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 21) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for non-major funds contain even more information about the City's individual funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 9. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Assets includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. All the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. The City's net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development and assistance, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The City charges a fee to “customers” to help it cover all or most of the cost of providing services such as water, sewer, and solid waste services.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Laws and/or contracts require the City to establish some funds, such as grants received under the certain programs. The City's administration establishes several other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

· Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

· Proprietary funds—The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the net assets (Table I) and changes in net assets (Table II) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

Net assets of the City's governmental activities increased from \$ 10.25 million to \$ 11.75 million. Unrestricted net assets – the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was \$ 797 thousand at September 30, 2012.

In 2012, net assets of our business-type activities decreased by \$.84 million, or nearly 2.2 percent. This decrease is not considered significant in relation to the overall operations of the City.

Table I
CITY OF ROMA, TEXAS
NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011	Business-type Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2011	Total 2012	Total 2011
Current and other assets	1,230,435	\$ 1,595,636	3,388,625	\$ 6,000,183	4,619,060	\$7,595,819
Capital assets	10,873,626	9,356,359	41,194,922	40,006,012	52,068,548	49,362,371
Total assets	12,104,061	\$ 10,951,995	44,583,547	\$ 46,006,195	56,687,548	\$ 56,958,190
Long-term liabilities	24,068	58,379	6,299,000	6,842,000	6,323,068	6,900,379
Other liabilities	331,085	641,183	436,758	432,354	767,843	1,073,537
Total liabilities	355,153	\$ 699,562	6,735,758	\$ 7,274,354	7,090,911	\$ 7,973,916
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	10,849,558	9,297,980	32,050,862	33,164,012	42,900,420	\$ 42,461,992
Restricted	102,480	19,431	-	-	102,480	19,431
Unrestricted	796,870	935,022	5,796,927	5,567,829	6,593,797	6,502,851
Total net assets	11,748,908	\$ 10,252,433	37,847,789	\$ 38,731,841	49,596,697	\$ 48,984,274

Table II
CITY OF ROMA, TEXAS
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011	Business-type Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2011	Total 2012	Total 2011
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	1,055,409	877,384	5,090,353	5,132,715	6,145,762	6,010,099
General Revenues:						
Maintenance and operations taxes	892,468	1,107,632	-	-	892,468	1,107,632
Debt Service taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants	844,372	1,327,023	-	-	844,372	1,327,023
Sales Taxes	534,235	492,469	-	-	534,235	492,469
Franchise Taxes	290,913	274,113	-	-	290,913	274,113
Investment Earnings	1,881	1,956	80,945	91,883	82,826	1,956
Miscellaneous	146,786	529,598	-	-	146,786	529,598
Total Revenue	3,766,064	\$ 4,610,175	5,171,298	\$ 5,224,598	8,937,362	\$9,834,773
Expenses:						
General Government	403,147	374,109	-	-	403,147	374,109
Public Safety	2,543,411	2,781,594	-	-	2,543,411	2,781,594
Highways and Streets	1,015,943	1,561,792	-	-	1,015,943	1,561,792
Conservation & Development	77,957	45,381	-	-	77,957	45,381
Sanitation	357,730	344,322	-	-	357,730	344,322
Culture & Recreation	35,056	32,158	-	-	35,056	32,158
Utility Fund	-	-	5,788,673	5,449,099	5,788,673	5,449,099
Total Expenses	4,433,244	\$ 5,139,356	5,788,673	\$ 5,449,099	10,221,917	\$ 10,588,455
Increase in net assets before transfers and special items	(667,180)	(529,181)	(617,375)	(224,501)	(1,284,555)	(753,682)
Transfers	350,385	859,992	(92,080)	(632,923)	258,305	227,069
Special Items – Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Items-Prior Period Adjustments	1,813,270	22,000	(174,597)	-	1,638,673	(22,000)
Net assets at 10/1	10,252,433	\$ 9,899,622	38,731,841	\$ 39,589,265	48,984,274	\$ 49,488,887
Net assets at 9/30	11,748,908	\$ 10,252,433	37,847,789	\$ 38,731,841	49,596,697	\$ 48,984,274

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 10.22 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 10 and 11, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through City ad-valorem property taxes was only \$.89 million because some of

the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$ 487 thousand, which is greater than last year's total of \$353 thousand.

Over the course of the year, the Council revised the City's budget due to careful planning and budgeting on the original budget.

The City's General Fund balance of \$ 384 thousand reported on page 12 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$ (120) thousand reported in the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule on page 46. This is principally due to expenditures exceeding projections across various functional categories.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2011-12 year, the City had \$ 52.07 million (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities, land, infrastructure, vehicles, and equipment. The most significant current year addition related to equipment for the various departments.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$ 6.3 million in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$ 6.9 million last year—a decrease of 8.7 percent.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2012/13 budget, tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The City's population growth during 2000–2013 averaged annual gains of 1-2 percent. More recently, unemployment has remained relatively constant at 17 percent, above State and federal rates. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 6.4 percent and the national rate of 7.6 percent.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2012/13. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$ 4.3 million, an increase of 13 percent over the final 2011/12 budget of \$ 3.8 million. The City will use its revenues to finance programs we currently offered. Budgeted expenditures are expected to decrease marginally to \$4.5 million from \$4 million in 2012. The City has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2012/13 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the City's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to decrease slightly by the close of 2012/13.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's administration office, at CITY OF ROMA, P.O. Box 947, Roma, Texas 78584.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

EXHIBIT A-1

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	Roma Economic Dev. Corp.
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 451,013	\$ 504,122	\$ 955,135	\$ 418,469
Investments - Current	164,430	-	164,430	236,989
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,022,123	511,834	1,533,957	222,356
Due From Other Governments	-	359	359	-
Internal Balances	(407,131)	429,345	22,214	-
Restricted Assets:				
Temporarily Restricted:				
Temp. Restricted Asset-Investments	-	1,942,965	1,942,965	-
Capital Assets:				
Land	693,905	194,353	888,258	-
Infrastructure, net	8,854,556	19,838	8,874,394	-
Buildings, net	413,573	(1)	413,572	102,131
Improvements other than Buildings, net	-	37,957,710	37,957,710	-
Machinery and Equipment, net	911,592	168,686	1,080,278	-
Construction in Progress	-	9,276	9,276	-
Other Assets	-	2,845,060	2,845,060	-
Total Assets	12,104,061	44,583,547	56,687,608	979,945
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	13,370	311,088	324,458	-
Intergovernmental Payable	19,466	(12,680)	6,786	472,412
Deferred Revenues	298,249	-	298,249	-
Other Current Liabilities	-	138,350	138,350	-
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Due Within One Year	24,068	569,000	593,068	-
Due in More Than One Year	-	5,730,000	5,730,000	-
Total Liabilities	355,153	6,735,758	7,090,911	472,412
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,849,558	32,050,862	42,900,420	102,131
Restricted for	102,480	-	102,480	211,847
Unrestricted Net Assets	796,870	5,796,927	6,593,797	193,555
Total Net Assets	\$ 11,748,908	\$ 37,847,789	\$ 49,596,697	\$ 507,533

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Expenses	Program Revenues <u>Charges for Services</u>
Primary Government:		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:		
General Government	\$ 403,147	\$ -
Public Safety	2,543,411	200,748
Highways and Streets	1,015,943	854,661
Sanitation	353,783	-
Sanitation-Other	3,947	-
Culture and Recreation	35,056	-
Conservation and Development	77,957	-
Total Governmental Activities:	4,433,244	1,055,409
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:		
Utility Operations	5,788,673	5,090,353
Total Business-Type Activities:	5,788,673	5,090,353
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 10,221,917	\$ 6,145,762
Component Unit:		
Economic Development	\$ 110,234	\$ -
TOTAL COMPONENT UNITS:	\$ 110,234	\$ -

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
Sales Taxes
Franchise Taxes
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted
Miscellaneous Revenue
Investment Earnings
Transfers In (Out)
Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets--Beginning
Prior Period Adjustment
Net Assets--Ending

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
Primary Government			Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Roma Economic Dev. Corp.
\$ (403,147)	\$ -	\$ (403,147)	\$ -
(2,342,663)	-	(2,342,663)	-
(161,282)	-	(161,282)	-
(353,783)	-	(353,783)	-
(3,947)	-	(3,947)	-
(35,056)	-	(35,056)	-
(77,957)	-	(77,957)	-
<u>(3,377,835)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,377,835)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	(698,320)	(698,320)	-
-	(698,320)	(698,320)	-
<u>(3,377,835)</u>	<u>(698,320)</u>	<u>(4,076,155)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
892,468	-	892,468	-
534,235	-	534,235	-
290,913	-	290,913	-
844,372	-	844,372	-
146,786	80,945	227,731	-
1,881	-	1,881	-
350,385	(92,080)	258,305	-
<u>3,061,040</u>	<u>(11,135)</u>	<u>3,049,905</u>	<u>-</u>
(316,795)	(709,455)	1,026,250	-
10,252,433	38,731,841	48,984,274	-
1,813,270	(174,597)	1,638,673	-
<u>\$ 11,748,908</u>	<u>\$ 37,847,789</u>	<u>\$ 49,596,697</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

CITY OF ROMA
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 348,533	\$ 102,480	\$ 451,013
Investments - Current	164,430	-	164,430
Taxes Receivable	1,262,142	-	1,262,142
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)	(535,244)	-	(535,244)
Receivables (Net)	69,369	-	69,369
Intergovernmental Receivables	225,856	-	225,856
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,535,086</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>	<u>\$ 1,637,566</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,732	\$ -	\$ 2,732
Intergovernmental Payable	19,466	-	19,466
Due to Other Funds	407,131	-	407,131
Due to Others	10,638	-	10,638
Deferred Revenues	710,928	-	710,928
Total Liabilities	<u>1,150,895</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,150,895</u>
Fund Balances:			
Restricted for:			
Federal & State Restrictions	-	102,480	102,480
Unassigned:			
Unassigned	384,191	-	384,191
Total Fund Balances	<u>384,191</u>	<u>102,480</u>	<u>486,671</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,535,086</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>	<u>\$ 1,637,566</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	486,671
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$19,565,480 and the accumulated depreciation was \$10,209,121. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net assets.		9,297,980
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2012 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net assets.		527,738
The 2012 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.		(789,430)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net assets.		2,225,949
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	11,748,908

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	\$ 1,000,929	\$ -	\$ 1,000,929
General Sales and Use Taxes	534,235	-	534,235
Franchise Tax	290,913	-	290,913
Licenses and Permits	60,037	-	60,037
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	679,418	164,954	844,372
Charges for Services	854,661	-	854,661
Fines	200,748	-	200,748
Investment Earnings	1,620	261	1,881
Other Revenue	77,869	8,880	86,749
Total Revenues	<u>3,700,430</u>	<u>174,095</u>	<u>3,874,525</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General Government	347,887	-	347,887
Public Safety	2,424,349	-	2,424,349
Public Works:			
Highways and Streets	903,722	-	903,722
Sanitation	301,681	-	301,681
Culture and Recreation:			
Culture and Recreation	21,955	6,786	28,741
Conservation and Development	-	69,272	69,272
Capital Outlay:			
Capital Outlay	-	95,900	95,900
Total Expenditures	<u>3,999,594</u>	<u>171,958</u>	<u>4,171,552</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(299,164)</u>	<u>2,137</u>	<u>(297,027)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers In	349,785	600	350,385
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>349,785</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>350,385</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	50,621	2,737	53,358
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>333,570</u>	<u>99,743</u>	<u>433,313</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 384,191</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>	<u>\$ 486,671</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	53,358
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2012 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net assets.		527,738
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.		(789,430)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net assets.		(108,461)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	<u>(316,795)</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Business Type Activities
	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 504,122
Restricted Assets - Current:	
Temporarily Restricted Asset	1,942,965
Accounts Receivable-Net of Uncollectible Allowance	511,834
Due from Other Governments	359
Due from Other Funds	397,651
Total Current Assets	<u>3,356,931</u>
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land Purchase and Improvements	194,353
Infrastructure	19,838
Buildings	173,544
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings	(173,545)
Improvements other than Buildings	45,148,894
Accumulated Depreciation - Other Improvements	(7,191,184)
Machinery and Equipment	756,651
Accumulated Depreciation - Machinery & Equipment	(587,965)
Construction in Progress	9,276
Other Asset - Water Rights	2,845,060
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>41,194,922</u>
Total Assets	<u>44,551,853</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	213,843
Wages and Salaries Payable	25,064
Retainage Payable	72,181
Intergovernmental Payable	(12,680)
Due to Other Funds	(31,694)
Bonds Payable - Current:	
Revenue Bonds Payable	569,000
Other Current Liabilities	138,350
Total Current Liabilities	<u>974,064</u>
NonCurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds Payable - Noncurrent	5,730,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>5,730,000</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>6,704,064</u>
NET ASSETS	
Investments in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	32,050,862
Unrestricted Net Assets	5,796,927
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 37,847,789</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

EXHIBIT D-2 (Cont'd)

	Business Type Activities
	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Charges for Water Services	\$ 3,284,288
Charges for Gas Services	388,624
Charges for Sewage Service	1,416,739
Prop.Fund Charges for Services - Other	702
Investment Earnings	19,800
Other Revenue	26,305
Total Operating Revenues	5,136,458
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Proprietary Fund Function - Water	
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	431,409
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits	196,934
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	153,717
Purchased Property Services	118,263
Other Operating Expenses	22,273
Supplies	646,618
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Water	1,569,214
Proprietary Fund Function - Gas	
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	142,918
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits	72,842
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	511
Purchased Property Services	9,965
Other Operating Expenses	4,092
Supplies	85,649
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Gas	315,977
Proprietary Fund Function - Sanitation	
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	489,995
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits	209,141
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	89,065
Purchased Property Services	17,114
Other Operating Expenses	511,785
Supplies	99,171
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Sanitation	1,416,271
Proprietary Fund Function - Sewage	
Personnel Services - Salaries and Wages	200,693
Personnel Services - Employee Benefits	113,164
Purchased Professional & Technical Services	14,191
Purchased Property Services	88,880
Other Operating Expenses	7,782
Supplies	317,334
Total Proprietary Fund Function - Sewage	742,044
Depreciation	1,490,666
Interest Expense	254,501
Total Operating Expenses	5,788,673
Operating Income (Loss)	(652,215)

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

EXHIBIT D-2

	Business Type Activities
	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
<hr/>	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Gain in Sale of Property	34,840
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expenses)	34,840
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(617,375)
Non-Operating Transfer In	214,234
Transfers Out	(306,314)
Change in Net Assets	(709,455)
Total Net Assets - October 1 (Beginning)	38,731,841
Prior Period Adjustment	(174,597)
Total Net Assets - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 37,847,789

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Business Type Activities
	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>	
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 4,698,204
Cash Received from Other	161,348
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(1,867,797)
Cash Payments for Services	(491,706)
Cash Payments for Suppliers	(1,227,288)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(484,005)
Cash for Interest Paid	(254,501)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>534,255</u>
<u>Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:</u>	
Prior Period Adjustment	(174,597)
Operating Transfer Out	(306,314)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	<u>(480,911)</u>
<u>Cash Flows from Capital & Related Financing Activities:</u>	
Sale of Capital Assets	34,840
Increase(decrease) in Bonds Payable	(543,000)
Non-Operating Transfers In	214,234
Retirement of Fixed Assets	165,484
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital & Related Financing Activities	<u>(128,442)</u>
Net Increase(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(75,098)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year:	<u>579,220</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year:	<u><u>\$ 504,122</u></u>
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Income (Loss):	\$ (652,215)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,490,666
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in Receivables	(126,929)
Decrease (increase) in Restricted Assets	(264,518)
Decrease (increase) in Due From Others	114,541
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	(78,516)
Increase (decrease) in Payroll Deductions	(10,701)
Increase (decrease) in Intergovt. Payable	(9,115)
Increase (decrease) in Due to Others	71,042

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA
 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Business Type Activities
	Major Fund Enterprise Fund
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 534,255

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF ROMA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CITY OF ROMA (the "City") was incorporated in 1936, under Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City operates under a City Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter. The services include public safety (police and fire), public works, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities (water, gas, sewer services and solid waste collection).

The financial statements of the city have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard –setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City Council (the "Council") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint city manager, city attorney, city secretary, municipal judge, and approve the budget. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the City is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The city of Roma became a Home Rule city in May 2007.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, of whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of the above criteria, the following is a brief review of the City's only component unit addressed in defining the City's reporting entity.

Included in the Reporting Entity

Roma Economic Development Corporation - This component unit was established on October 24, 1995 for the purpose of promoting economic development within the City of Roma and the State of Texas. The Roma Economic Development Corporation works to promote and encourage employment and the public welfare of, for, and on behalf of the City. One of the purposes of the component unit is to improve existing parks, learning centers, athletic, and exhibition facilities.

Furthermore, the Roma Economic Development Corporation will make improvements to the City's transportation, infrastructure and public facilities some time in the future. This, in turn, may create new businesses and economic growth within the City of Roma, Texas.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the CITY OF ROMA nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the City's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Assets and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for City operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The City considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for un-matured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the City to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on the following classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed or unassigned. Restricted fund balances are amounts legally restricted by outside parties for use by a specific purpose. Commitments of fund balance require approval of the City Council through action. The City Council delegates the responsibility to assign fund balance to the City Manager or his designee, when appropriate. Funds will be utilized in the following spending order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund** – The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund(s):

- 1. The Enterprise Fund** – The enterprise fund is used to account for all financial resources derived from providing basic services such as water and sewer services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** – The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the City or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
2. **Debt Service Funds** – The City accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund. The City has no Debt Service Funds.
3. **Capital Projects Funds** – The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund. The City has no Capital Projects Funds.
4. **Permanent Funds** – The City accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the City's programs. The City has no Permanent Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

5. **Internal Service Funds** – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the City on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The City has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

6. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** – The City accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the City. The City has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.
7. **Agency Funds** – The City accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The City has no Agency Funds.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. It is the City's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
4. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment [and infrastructure assets] are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives. The estimated lives range from 3 to 10 years for equipment, 10 to 25 years for improvements, and 25 years for buildings.

5. Restricted Assets-Certain proceeds of enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.
6. Deferred revenues are those for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Monies collected in advance from federal or state agencies are recorded as revenue in the year for which the expenditures are incurred.
7. When the City incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
8. Encumbrances-The City of Roma, Texas, does not employ encumbrance accounting; under which purchase order, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation
9. Estimates-The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

<u>Capital Assets</u> <u>at the Beginning of the year</u>	<u>Historic Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated</u> <u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Value at the</u> <u>Beginning of the</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>Change in Net</u> <u>Assets</u>
Land	530,904	-	530,904	
Buildings	648,558	(392,261)	256,297	
Furniture & Equipment	2,721,211	(2,369,103)	352,108	
Infrastructure	15,664,807	(7,447,757)	8,217,050	
Improvements other than Buildings	-	-	-	
Construction inProgress	-	-	-	
Change in Net Assets				<u>\$ 9,356,359</u>
 <u>Long-term Liabilities</u> <u>at the Beginning of the year</u>			<u>Payable at the</u> <u>Beginning of the</u> <u>Year</u>	
Bonds Payable			-	
Capital Leases Payable			47,149	
Loans Payable			<u>11,230</u>	
Change in Net Assets				<u>\$(58,379)</u>
 Net Adjustment to Net Assets				 <u>\$ 9,297,980</u>

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets</u>	<u>Adjustments to Net Assets</u>
<u>Current Year Capital Outlay</u>			
Buildings	24,531	24,531	24,531
Infrastructure	161,666	161,666	161,666
Machinery & Equipment	<u>307,230</u>	<u>307,230</u>	<u>307,230</u>
Total Capital Outlay	<u>493,427</u>	<u>493,427</u>	<u>493,427</u>
<u>Debt Principal Payments</u>			
Capital Lease Principal	23,081	23,081	23,081
Loan Principal	<u>11,230</u>	<u>11,230</u>	<u>11,230</u>
Total Principal Payments	<u>34,311</u>	<u>34,311</u>	<u>34,311</u>
Total Adjustment to Net Assets	<u>527,738</u>	<u>527,738</u>	<u>527,738</u>

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Adjustments to Change in Net Assets</u>	<u>Adjustments to Net Assets</u>
<u>Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u>			
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies	\$ 108,461	(108,461)	-
Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible) from Current Year Levy	412,679	-	412,679
Recalculated Accumulated Depreciation	1,813,270	-	1,813,270
Other-Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total		<u>108,461</u>	<u>2,225,949</u>

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Enterprise Fund, Hotel Occupancy Fund, and Roma Economic Development Corporation (component unit). In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement #34, a City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, and any major special revenue funds with an officially adopted budget. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit E-1.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to October 1, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.

3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be formally amended by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, and are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end. The City has a policy of careful budgetary control, with only one amendment being necessary during the year to convert to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis.
4. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Council. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations by the amounts noted below;

<u>Functional Category</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Public Safety	\$ 179,768
Public Works-Highways	63,881

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$ 3,062,530 and the bank balance was \$ 3,277,174. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2012 and during the year ended September 30, 2012 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The City is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The City's investments at September 30, 2012, are shown below:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in years)			
		Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
General Fund:					
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 164,430	\$ 164,430			
Enterprise Fund:					
Certificates of Deposit	<u>\$ 1,942,965</u>	<u>\$ 1,942,965</u>			
Totals	<u>\$ 2,346,174</u>	<u>\$ 2,346,174</u>			

The Enterprise Fund's temporary investments noted above are included in the total amount reported as restricted assets \$ 1,942,965, at September 30, 2012.

Credit Risk To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the City limits investments to Certificates of Deposits and Public Funds Investment Pools, collateralized by U.S. Government Securities. As of September 30, 2012, the city's investments were secured by U.S. Government Securities.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the city complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments maturity scheduling, and financial institutions. To further limit the risk all of the City investments are collateralized by U.S. Government Securities.

Interest Rate Risk To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the City requires that the investments shall be monitored by using specific identification.

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the city's fiscal year. For the year ended September 30, 2012, the rate applicable to the General Fund was \$.50871 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City did not levy a separate rate for a Debt Service Fund. The total taxable valuation for the year was \$ 156,129,950 which generated a tax levy of \$ 794,249.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds, when applicable, are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2012 were as follows:

Interfund accounts were not reconciled properly at year-end

E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Primary Government			<u>Ending Balance</u>
	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements & Reclass.</u>	
Governmental Activities:				
Land	\$ 530,904	\$ -	\$ 163,001	\$ 693,903
Buildings	648,558	24,531	155,518	828,607
Furniture and Equipment	2,721,211	307,230	471,274	3,499,715
Improvements	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure	15,664,807	161,666	(836,423)	14,990,050
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
Totals at Historic Cost	<u>\$ 19,565,480</u>	<u>\$ 493,427</u>	<u>\$ (46,630)</u>	<u>\$ 20,012,275</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(10,209,121)</u>	<u>(789,430)</u>	<u>1,859,900</u>	<u>(9,138,651)</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 9,356,359</u>	<u>\$ (296,003)</u>	<u>\$ 1,813,268</u>	<u>\$ 10,873,624</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Land	\$ 194,353	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 194,353
Buildings and Improvements	173,545	-	-	173,545
Furniture and Equipment	756,651	-	-	756,651
Water System	42,291,060	-	1,692,984	43,984,044
Wastewater System	534,941	-	10,484	545,425
Gas System	679,747	-	(31,209)	648,538
Construction in Progress	1,894,698	-	(1,894,698)	-
Totals at Historic Cost	<u>\$ 46,524,994</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (222,439)</u>	<u>\$ 46,302,556</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(6,518,982)</u>	<u>(1,490,666)</u>	<u>56,954</u>	<u>(7,952,694)</u>
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 40,006,012</u>	<u>\$ (1,490,666)</u>	<u>\$ (165,485)</u>	<u>\$ 38,349,862</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 55,260
Public Safety	426,292
Highways and Streets	236,829
Sanitation	56,049
Other Public Works	-
Culture & Development	8,685
Culture & Recreation	<u>6,315</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 789,430</u>

F. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE/CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

At September 30, 2012, long-term debt consisted of the following:

General Long Term Debt-Governmental Fund Types:

Note Payables: .

None outstanding in the current year.

Subtotal-Notes Payable	\$ 0.
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Capital Leases:

The City entered into a Capital Lease agreement in May 15, 2007 for the purchase of a Vactor Truck. The amount financed is \$155,493. The agreement calls for seven(7) annual payments of \$25,095. with an interest rate of 4.79%. Payments begin on May 15, 2007, with final scheduled payment on May 15, 2014. The balance at year-end was \$ 24,068.

Subtotal-Capital Leases	<u>\$ 24,068</u>
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Total General Long Term Debt	\$ <u>24,068</u>
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Long-Term Debt-Proprietary Fund Types:

Revenue Bonds Payable:

\$1,975,000 Series 1999-B Tax & Revenue Bonds due in annual installments of \$194,938 through \$200,679 to 2015; interest at 4.69% to 5.69%	535,000
\$3,035,000 Series 1999-C Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments \$210,490 through \$232,510 to 2020; interest at 2.4% to 4.05%	1,535,000
\$2,327,000 Series 2000-A Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments of \$75,000 through \$80,000 to 20030; interest at 0%; final payment of \$17,000	1,367,000
\$1,150,000 Series 2003 Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments of \$82,362 through \$83,290 to 2024; interest at 1.0% to 4.3%	776,000
\$322,000 Series 2003-A Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments of \$3,145 through \$17,008 to 2043; interest at 4.5%	290,000
\$530,000 Series 2004 Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments of \$ 39,830 through \$ 44,462 to 2024 ; interest at 2.34 % to 5.39 %	370,000
\$1,151,000 Series 2005 Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments to 2026 ; interest at 3.24 % to 5.74 %	909,000
\$343,000 Series 2006 Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments to 2026 ; interest at 3.24 % to 5.74 %	271,000
\$283,000 Series 2008 Tax & Revenue Bonds payable in annual installments to 2025 ; interest at 4.21 % to 5.11 %	<u>246,000</u>

Total Revenue Bonds \$ 6,299,000

Total Long-Term Debt-Proprietary Fund Types \$ 6,299,000

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture.

G. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending	Govt. Fund Type Capital Leases	Govt. Fund Type Notes Payable	Proprietary Fund Type- Notes Payable	Proprietary Fund Type- Revenue Bonds	
				Principal	Interest
September 30	Principal	Principal	Principal		
2013	\$ 24,068	-	\$ -	\$ 569,000	\$ 227,158
2014	-	-	-	587,000	205,245
2015	-	-	-	609,000	182,139
2016	-	-	-	434,000	157,605
2017	-	-	-	457,000	142,851
2018-2022	-	-	-	2,065,000	460,426
2023-2027	-	-	-	1,197,000	148,526
2028-2032	-	-	-	240,000	39,992
2033-2037	-	-	-	63,000	26,370
2038-2042	-	-	-	<u>78,000</u>	<u>10,845</u>
Total	<u>\$ 24,068</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,299,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,601,156</u>

H. SIGNIFICANT BOND RESOLUTION LEGAL REQUIREMENTS AND RESERVES:

1. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation Series 1999-B, 1999-C

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Bonds Series 1999-B, 1999-C indicate that a special fund entitled “City of Roma Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Debt Service Fund” be created and be established and maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the City shall be used only for payment of the principal and interest on the Certificates.

All ad-valorem taxes levied and collected for and on account of the Certificates be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates or interest thereon are outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad-valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide for the payment of the interest on the Certificates as such interest comes due and to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount of the Certificates in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collections. Such rate and

amount of ad-valorem taxes are hereby levied, and hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City for each year while any of the Certificates or interest thereon are outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal of and interest on the Certificates.

Provisions also call for the establishment and maintenance of a Repair and Replacement Fund on the books of the City, and accounted for separate and apart from all other funds of the City, a separate fund entitled "City of Roma Waterworks and Sewer System Repair and Replacement Fund" (the "Repair and Replacement Fund"). The Repair and Replacement Fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the costs of improvements, enlargements, extensions, additions, replacements, or other capital expenditures related to the System, or for paying the costs of unexpected or extraordinary repairs or replacements of the System for which System funds are not available, or for paying unexpected or extraordinary expenses of operation and maintenance of the System for which System funds are not otherwise available, or for any other lawful purpose with the terms of the provision subject to the approval of the Development Fund Manager of the Texas Water Development Board.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

2. Combination Tax & Revenue(No-interest) Certificates of Obligation Series 2000A

All as valorem taxes levied and collected for and on account of the certificates, and the Parity Obligations (1999B and 1999C Certificates) be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates, or the Parity Obligations or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide for the payment of the interest on the Parity Obligations as such interest comes due and to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates are Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligation are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus net Revenues of the system to payment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having pledge senior the pledge to the Certificates and the Party Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issues, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and to other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part from any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall transfer and deposit of the Debt Service Fund each month 1/12th of the annual debt service of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service on the Certificates and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificates or the Parity Obligations are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenues, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available

funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

There is hereby established an account designated as the "Debt service Reserve Fund" to be maintained by the City in strict accordance with the provisions of this section. The City may, at its sole discretion, and in conformance with the Code and the Regulations, and subject to the approving opinion of tax counsel, deposit funds from any legally available source to the Debt Service Reserve Fund. Funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund shall be transferred to the Debt Service Fund to pay principal and interest with respect to the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations to the extent funds in the Debt Service Fund are not sufficient therefore. Upon redemption of all the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, funds on deposit in the Debt Service Reserve Fund may be used for any legal purposes.

Provisions also call for the establishment and maintenance of a Repair and Replacement Fund on the books of the City, and accounted for separate and apart from all other funds of the City, a separate fund entitled "City of Roma Waterworks and Sewer System Repair and Replacement Fund" (the "Repair and Replacement Fund"). The Repair and Replacement Fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the costs of improvements, enlargements, extensions, additions, replacements, or other capital expenditures related to the System, or for paying the costs of unexpected or extraordinary repairs or replacements of the System for which System funds are not available, or for paying unexpected or extraordinary expenses of operation and maintenance of the System for which System funds are not otherwise available, or for any other lawful purpose with the terms of the provision subject to the approval of the Development Fund Manager of the Texas Water Development Board.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

3. Combination Tax & Limited Pledge Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2001

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2001 indicate special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificate of Obligations, Series 2001, Debt Service Fund" (the Debt Service Fund") shall be established and maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Service Fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the City and shall be used only for paying the interest on and principal of the Certificates. All ad valorem taxes levied and collected for and on account of the Certificates shall be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund.

A Special Fund entitled the City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Limited Pledge Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2001 Emergency and Reserve Fund (the "Emergency and Reserve Fund") shall be established and maintained by the City at its official depository. The Emergency and Reserve Fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts on the City and shall be used only for (i) emergency expenditures, or (ii) debt service payments as follows: The City Commission may draw monies from the Emergency and Reserve Fund to undertake repairs or improvements to the Facilities in the event of an emergency in which the City has insufficient other funds available to undertake the repairs and improvements.

During each year while any of the Certificates or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide for the payment of the interest on the Certificates as such interest comes due and to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates in principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount of the Certificates

in any year). Such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. Such rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City for each year while any of the Certificates or interest thereon are Outstanding. Such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal of and interest on the Certificates.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

4. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2003

A Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2003 indicate special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue certificates of Obligation Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") has been created in connection with issuance of the City's Series 1999B Certificates and Series 1999C Certificates and has been maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Service Fund shall be continued and maintained separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the city, and shall be used solely to pay debt service of the Series 2000A Article, the Series 1999B Certificates, the Series 1999C Certificates and the Certificates (hereinafter the "Parity Obligations").

The City certifies that currently it will have on hand available funds of the City sufficient to make the debt service payments due November 1, 2013.

All ad valorem taxes levies and collected for and on account of the certificates, and the Parity Obligations be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates, or the Parity Obligations or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates are Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the Certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligations are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus Net Revenues of the system to the payment of the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of the City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having a pledge senior to the pledge to the Certificates and the Parity Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issues, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part from any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

The City shall transfer and deposit of the debt service Fund each month 1/12th of the annual debt service of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service on the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificate or the Parity Obligations are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenue, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2003 indicate a special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation, Series 2003, Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") shall be established and maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Service Fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the City and shall be used only for paying the interest on and principal of the Certificate. All ad valorem taxes levied and collected and all System Net Revenues collected for and on account of the Certificate shall be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund.

The City Commission shall compute and ascertain the rate and amount of ad valorem tax, based upon the latest approved tax rolls of said city, with full allowances being made for tax delinquencies and costs of collection, which will be sufficient to raise and produce the money required to pay any sums which may be or become due during any such year on account of said "debt", in no instance to be less than two (2%) per cent of such obligation, together with all interest thereon. Said rate and amount of ad valorem tax is hereby ordered to be levied and is hereby levied against all taxable property in said city for each year which any liability exists by reason of the debt incurred, and said ad valorem tax shall be assessed and collected each such year until all of the debt incurred shall have been discharged.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

6. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2003-A

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2003-A indicate a special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") has been created in connection with issuance of the City's Series 2000A Obligations, Series 1999-B and Series 1999-C Obligations and the Series 2003 Obligations and has been maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Service Fund shall be continued and maintained separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the city, and shall be used solely to pay debt service of the Series 2000A Obligations, the Series 1999-B Obligations, the Series 1999-C Obligations, the series 2003 Obligations and the Certificates (hereinafter the "Parity Obligations").

The City certifies that it will have on hand available funds of the City sufficient to make the debt service payments due September 1, 2013.

All ad valorem taxes levies and collected for and on account of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates, or the Parity Obligations or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of

the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates are Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the Certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligations are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus Net Revenues of the system to the payment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of the City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having a pledge senior to the pledge to the Certificates and the Parity Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issues, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part form any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

The City shall transfer and deposit of the Debt Service Fund each month 1/12th of the annual debt service of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service on the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificate or the Parity Obligations are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenue, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

7. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2004

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2004 indicate a special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") has been created in connection with issuance of the City's Series 1999B Certificates and Series 1999C Certificates and has been maintained by the City at its official depository for the payment of the Parity Obligations. The Debt Service Fund shall be continued and maintained separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the city, and shall be used solely to pay debt service of the Certificate and the Parity Obligations.

The City certifies that currently will have on hand available funds of the City sufficient to make the debt service payments due May 1, 2013.

All ad valorem taxes levies and collected for and on account of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the

Certificates, or the Parity Obligations or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates are Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the Certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligations are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus Net Revenues of the system to the payment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of the City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having a pledge senior to the pledge to the Certificates and the Parity Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issue, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part from any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

The City shall transfer and deposit of the debt service Fund each month 1/12th of the annual debt service of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service on the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificate or the Parity Obligations are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenue, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

8. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2005

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2005 indicate a special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") has been created in connection with issuance of the City's Series 1999B Certificates and Series 1999C Certificates and has been maintained by the City at its official depository for the payment of the Parity Obligations for the deposit of Net Revenues. The Debt Service Fund shall be continued and maintained separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the city, and shall be used solely to pay debt service of the Certificate and the Parity Obligations.

The City certifies that currently will have on hand available funds of the City sufficient to make the debt service payments due March 1, 2013.

All ad valorem taxes levies and collected for and on account of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates, or the Parity Obligations or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates are Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the Certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligations are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus Net Revenues of the system to the payment of the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of the City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having a pledge senior to the pledge to the Certificates and the Parity Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issues, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part form any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

The City shall transfer and deposit of the Debt Service Fund each month 1/12th of the annual debt service of the certificates, and the Parity Obligations until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service on the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificate or the Parity Obligations are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenue, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the certificates and the Parity Obligations.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

9. Combination Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligations Series 2008

Provisions of the Combination Tax and Revenue Certificate of Obligation Series 2008 a special fund entitled "City of Roma, Texas Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008 Debt Service Fund" (the "Debt Service Fund") is created and shall be established and maintained by the City at its official depository. The Debt Service Fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds and accounts of the City, and shall be used solely to pay debt service of the Certificate.

The City certifies that funds of the City are available sufficient to make the debt service payment due February 1, 2013.

All ad valorem taxes levies and collected for and on account of the Certificates, be deposited, as collected, to the credit of the Debt Service Fund. During each year while any of the Certificates, or interest thereon are Outstanding or unpaid, the City Commission, after due consideration of the balances then currently on deposit in the Debt Service Fund and amounts from Surplus Net Revenues and other legally available funds budgeted for deposit to the Debt Service Fund, shall compute and ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem taxes which will be sufficient to raise and produce the amount required to provide and maintain a sinking fund adequate to pay the principal of the Certificates, as such principal matures (but never less than 2% of the original principal amount thereof in any year); and such tax shall be based on the latest approved tax rolls of the City, with full allowance being made for tax delinquencies and the cost of tax collection. A rate and amount of ad valorem taxes are hereby levied, and are hereby ordered to be levied, within the limits prescribed by law, against all taxable property in the City of each year while the principal of the Certificates is Outstanding; such tax shall be assessed and collected each such year, and the proceeds of such tax shall be appropriated and applied to the payment of principal on the Certificates.

While the principal of any of the Certificates or principal or interest on the Parity Obligations are outstanding or unpaid, the City also pledges its Surplus Net Revenues of the system to the payment of the Certificates and the Parity Obligations. Such pledge shall be subordinate and inferior in all respects to the pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues of the System which are pledged to the payment of any obligation of the City, whether authorized heretofore or hereafter and which the city designates as having a pledge senior to the pledge to the Certificates and the Parity Obligations, and the City reserves the right to issues, for any lawful purpose at any time, in one or more installments, bonds, certificates of obligations and other obligations of any kind payable in whole or in part form any or all of the Net Revenues secured by a pledge of any or all of the Net Revenues that may be prior and superior in right to or on a parity with the Certificates and the Parity Obligations.

The City shall transfer and deposit of the Debt Service Fund equal monthly payments until the amount on deposit in the Debt Service Fund equals the amount required for annual debt service on the Certificates. The City shall not transfer any funds from the Revenue Fund to any other fund until such time as an amount equal to the annual debt service, and the funding of reserve funds and other requirement, on the Prior Lien Revenue Obligations, Junior Lien Revenue Obligations, Certificates, and the Parity Obligations for that fiscal year has been deposited to the Debt Service Fund.

For each year the Certificates are outstanding, and prior to the time that taxes are levied for such year, the City shall adopt, establish, and maintain an annual budget that provides for the monthly deposit of sufficient ad valorem tax revenue, Surplus Net Revenues, or other legally available funds, including gifts and government grants, into the Debt Service Fund for the repayment of the certificates.

If sufficient funds have been deposited or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund at the time that taxes are levied for such year, to cover the debt service requirements of the Certificates for the ensuing fiscal year, then the amount of taxes which otherwise would have been required to be levied to cover this debt service for the fiscal year, may be reduced to the extent and by the amount then on deposit or budgeted to be deposited in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year.

Since issuance of the Certificates, the City has made all payments of maturing principal and interest, and has materially complied with above-noted provisions.

I. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its eligible employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at www.TMRS.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2010	Plan Year 2011
Employee Deposit rate	5%	5%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated Service Credit	100% Repeating Transfers	100% Repeating Transfers
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that City. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

The annual pension cost and net pension obligation/(asset) are as follows:

1. Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 348,327
2. Interest on Net Pension Obligation	-
3. Adjustment to the ARC	-
4. Annual Pension Cost (APC)	348,327
5. Contributions Made	<u>(348,327)</u>
6. Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	-
7. Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), beginning of year	<u>-</u>
8. Net Pension Obligation/(Asset), end of year	\$ -

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Funding September 30,	Actual Contribution Made	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2010	338,550	\$ -	100%	\$ -
2011	342,100	-	100%	-
2012	348,327	-	100%	-

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2011 were determined as part of the December 31, 2008 and 2009 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2010, also follows:

Valuation Date	12/31/08	12/31/09	12/31/10 Restructured
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
GASB 25 Equivalent Single Amortization Period	29 years; Closed Period	28.1 years; Closed Period	26.9 years; Closed Period
Amortization Period for new Gains/Losses	30 years	30 years	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	Amortized Cost	10-year smoothed market	10-year smoothed market
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return	7.5%	7.5%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
Includes inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/10	\$ 5,297,171	\$ 7,084,051	74.8%	\$ 1,786,880	\$ 3,239,736	55.2%

Actual valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation, and reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short – term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)		(4)/(5)
12/31/08	\$ 3,765,818	\$ 5,725,538	65.8%	\$ 1,959,720	\$ 2,956,682	66.3%
12/31/09	4,324,170	6,383,969	67.7	2,059,799	3,047,914	67.6
12/31/10	5,297,171	7,084,051	74.8	1,786,880	3,239,736	55.2

J. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM – SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS

The city also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to current and retired employees . The city may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee’s annual salary (calculated based on the employee’s actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an “other postemployment benefit,” or OPEB.

Your city offers supplemental death to:	Plan Year 2011	Plan Year 2012
Active employees (yes or no)	Yes	Yes
Retirees (yes or no)	Yes	Yes

The city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees’ entire careers.

The city’s contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2012, 2012 and 2010 were \$2,015, \$2,045 and \$2,456, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

K. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2012, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Bonds and Other Payable:				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0
Notes Payable	11,230	-	11,230	0
Capital Leases Payable	<u>47,149</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,081</u>	<u>24,068</u>
Total Bonds and Other Payable	<u>\$ 58,379</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,311</u>	<u>\$ 24,068</u>
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 58,379</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,311</u>	<u>\$ 24,068</u>
Business-type Activities:				
Bonds and Notes Payable:				
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 6,842,000	\$ -	\$ 543,000	\$ 6,299,000
Capital Leases Payable	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Bonds and Other Payable	<u>\$ 6,842,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 543,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,299,000</u>
Total Business-type Activities Long-term Liabilities	<u>\$ 6,842,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 543,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,299,000</u>

L. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Special</u> <u>Revenue</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Revenue	\$ 710,928	\$ -	\$ 710,928
Total Deferred Revenue	<u>\$ 710,928</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 710,928</u>

Net uncollected tax receivables in the General fund constitute the total amount reflected as deferred revenues at year-end.

M. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is the defendant on several litigation cases. The City’s management has represents that in the event of an unfavorable outcome, the insurance carrier will cover the City.

Federal and State Funds -The City has received federal and state funds as grants and other financial assistance. These funds must be spent only as allowed by the grant and other federal or state requirements. Also, the City must follow various laws and regulations when they receive these funds. If the City does not abide by these laws and regulations or does not spend the monies, as allowed under the grant agreements, the City may be required to return the grant monies, or portion thereof, to the granting agencies. The contingent liability, if any, that may be due to the federal and state agencies, cannot be readily determined.

N. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets of the Enterprise Fund at September 30, 2012 represent certain resources set aside for the repayment of revenue bonds under the terms of outstanding bond covenants. Related earnings have been reserved for the excess of restricted assets over related liabilities.

Restricted assets of the Enterprise Fund as of September 30, 2012, were comprised of the following:

Enterprise Fund

City of Roma Bond Debt	3,205
Debt Service Fund New	611,403
City of Roma-Deductible	2,382
City of Roma-Repair & Replacement	467,485
City of Roma-M&O Reserves	513,095
City of Roma-Utility Relocation	67,929
City of Roma- Water Rights	<u>277,466</u>
Total Restricted Assets	<u>\$1,942,965</u>

O. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The City's net assets in the governmental fund type increased by\$(1,813,270) relating primarily to an adjustment for a re-assessment of accumulated depreciation on fixed assets being carried in the books. In the proprietary fund type, net assets decreased by\$(174,597) due primarily to an adjustment for a re-assessment of accumulated depreciation on fixed6 assets being carried in the books.

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CITY OF ROMA
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 992,500	\$ 992,500	\$ 1,000,929	\$ 8,429
General Sales and Use Taxes	484,000	484,000	534,235	50,235
Franchise Tax	270,000	270,000	290,913	20,913
Licenses and Permits	-	-	60,037	60,037
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	185,737	185,737	679,418	493,681
Charges for Services	570,500	570,500	854,661	284,161
Fines	200,000	200,000	200,748	748
Investment Earnings	1,300	1,300	1,620	320
Other Revenue	322,275	322,275	77,869	(244,406)
Total Revenues	<u>3,026,312</u>	<u>3,026,312</u>	<u>3,700,430</u>	<u>674,118</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government	535,000	535,000	347,887	187,113
Public Safety	2,244,581	2,244,581	2,424,349	(179,768)
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	839,841	839,841	903,722	(63,881)
Sanitation	328,809	328,809	301,681	27,128
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture and Recreation	11,980	11,980	21,955	(9,975)
Total Expenditures	<u>3,960,211</u>	<u>3,960,211</u>	<u>3,999,594</u>	<u>(39,383)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(933,899)</u>	<u>(933,899)</u>	<u>(299,164)</u>	<u>634,735</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	813,000	813,000	349,785	(463,215)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>813,000</u>	<u>813,000</u>	<u>349,785</u>	<u>(463,215)</u>
Net Change	(120,899)	(120,899)	50,621	171,520
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>333,570</u>	<u>333,570</u>	<u>333,570</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 212,671</u>	<u>\$ 212,671</u>	<u>\$ 384,191</u>	<u>\$ 171,520</u>

CITY OF ROMA
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Hotel Fund	Grant Home #1001430	Grant CDBG #711409	Grant Home #1001613
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 101,694	\$ 135	\$ 135	\$ 200
Total Assets	<u>\$ 101,694</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 200</u>
Fund Balances:				
Reserved For:				
Federal & State Restrictions	101,694	135	135	200
Total Fund Balances	<u>101,694</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>200</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 101,694</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 200</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Grant GLO#12-283- 000-5631	Grant GLO#12-603- 000-6956	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 183	\$ 133	\$ 102,480
<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>
<u>183</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>102,480</u>
<u>183</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>102,480</u>
<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>

CITY OF ROMA
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Hotel Fund	Grant Home #1001430	Grant CDBG #711409	Grant Home #1001613
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	\$ -	\$ 111,012	\$ 38,985	\$ -
Investment Earnings	257	2	2	-
Other Revenue	8,480	200	200	-
Total Revenues	<u>8,737</u>	<u>111,214</u>	<u>39,187</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Culture and Recreation	6,786	-	-	-
Conservation and Development	-	15,179	39,052	-
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	-	95,900	-	-
Total Expenditures	<u>6,786</u>	<u>111,079</u>	<u>39,052</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,951</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>-</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	-	-	-	200
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>200</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,951	135	135	200
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	<u>99,743</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 101,694</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 200</u>

The notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Grant GLO#12-283- 000-5631	Grant GLO#12-603- 000-6956	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 14,957	\$ -	\$ 164,954
-	-	261
-	-	8,880
<u>14,957</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>174,095</u>
-	-	6,786
14,974	67	69,272
-	-	95,900
<u>14,974</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>171,958</u>
<u>(17)</u>	<u>(67)</u>	<u>2,137</u>
<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>600</u>
<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>600</u>
183	133	2,737
-	-	99,743
<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ 133</u>	<u>\$ 102,480</u>

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Reyna & Garza, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2111 Jackson Creek Avenue

Edinburg, TX 78539

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING
STANDARDS*

Honorable Mayor and City Council
City of Roma, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Roma, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Roma's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2012. Our report includes a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Roma Economic Development Corporation (REDC), a component unit, as described in our report on the City of Roma's financial statements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of City of City of Roma, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Roma's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Roma's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Roma's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. These are items #2012-1, #2012-2, and #2012-3. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Roma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Roma's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit City of Roma's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Reyna & Garza, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

May 8, 2012

CITY OF ROMA
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2012

1) **SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

- a) The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on General Purpose Financial Statements.
- b) Significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of the general purpose financial statements were items #2012-1 through #2012-3. Of these, none were considered a material weaknesses.
- c) No instance(s) of noncompliance material to the general-purpose financial statements of City of Roma, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, was disclosed during the audit.
- d) City of Roma did not qualify for a Single Audit, within the context of OMB Circular A-133.

2) **FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT**

2012-01: Year-End Closing of Financial Statements

Criteria:

Controls relative to timely and proper close-out of financial statements at year-end should be in place, in order to provide management and other third-party stakeholders with the necessary financial information to make appropriate decisions.

Condition:

Interfund accounts were not reconciled monthly or at year-end.

Effect:

Financial statements prepared on a monthly basis and at year-end were not closed-out properly to ensure all general ledger accounts reconciled.

Recommendation:

The City should review its internal controls relating to financial statement accounting and reporting to ensure that timely financial statements in accordance with GAAP are prepared and available for management use, as well as for audit purposes.

Management Response

The City Accountant, Ernesto Monita, will ensure that financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP, and on a timely basis. All audit adjustments will be posted promptly at year-end. He can be reached at 956-849-1411. Implementation period is immediately.

2012-2 Fixed Assets

Criteria:

A City's capital assets typically represent the entity's most significant assets and have a significant impact on financial statements.

Condition:

A physical inventory of the City's capital assets has not been performed periodically. Additionally, subsidiary records for capital assets were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. This would include depreciation schedules.

Effect:

The City's perpetual records for accounting for capital assets may not accurately reflect capital assets on hand and accumulated depreciation during the year and at year-end unless all pertinent records are updated accordingly.

Recommendation:

The City should update perpetual records (general ledgers) to reflect the results of the physical inventory. Additionally, depreciation records should also be updated in order to allow for an accurate annual calculation.

Management's Response:

The City Accountant, Ernesto Monita, will continue efforts in reconciling all fixed assets records from the subsidiary ledger to the general ledger. He can be reached at 956-849-1411. Implementation period is immediately.

2012-03: Controls over Competitive Procurement

Criteria:

Controls over competitive procurement provide assurance of compliance with state and federal requirements, as well as providing for best value when making significant purchases.

Condition:

Controls were not in place to ensure that all purchases subject to competitive procurement requirements were in compliance with said requirements. Accordingly, purchases during the year may not have been in compliance with competitive procurement regulations.

Effect:

Non-compliance with these regulations was not monitored during the year by the City. Additionally, best value may not have been received on various purchases during the year.

Recommendation:

The City should develop formalized purchasing guidelines that ensure competitive procurement regulations are being adhered to during the year.

Management Response

The City Accountant, Ernesto Monita, will develop formalized purchasing guidelines that ensure competitive procurement regulations are being adhered to during the year. Implementation period is immediately. He can be reached at 956-849-1411.

CITY OF ROMA
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2012

1. **Finding:**

Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order for the financial statements to be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles(GAAP).

Current Status:

Refer to current year findings.

2. **Finding:**

A physical inventory of the City's capital assets has not been performed periodically. Additionally, subsidiary records for capital assets were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis. All fixed assets may not have been reported.

Current Status:

Refer to current year findings.

3. **Finding:**

Financial accounting of federal and state grants was not being accounted for in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles(GAAP). In particular, grant expenditures relating to the current period were omitted from the current fiscal year, and expenditures relating to the prior year were being accounted for in the current year. To that effect, the expenditures of certain grants, as reported in the predecessor auditors' report, required restatement.

Current Status:

Financial accounting of federal and state grants was being properly accounted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles during the year.

4. **Finding:**

We noted an instance where a purchase from a vendor for goods and/or services that exceeded the dollar threshold for formal competitive bidding. In this instance, there was no evidence that such purchase was secured through the formal procurement process prescribed by state law.

Current Status:

Refer to current year findings.

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CITY OF ROMA
 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
 YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

G-1

DESCRIPTION	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	GRANTOR NUMBER	EXPENDITURES/ DISBURSEMENTS
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT</u>			
<u>Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture- Office of Rural Affairs :</u>			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	711409	39,052
Subtotal-Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture			<u>39,052</u>
<u>Passed through the General Land Office:</u>			
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	GLO-12-283-000-5631	14,974
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	GLO-12-603-000-6956	67
Subtotal-Passed through General Land Office			<u>15,041</u>
<u>Passed through the Texas Department of Housing & Comm. Affairs-</u>			
Home Investment Partnership Program	14.239	1001430	111,079
Subtotal-Passed through Texas Department of Housing & Comm. Affairs			<u>111,079</u>
Total-Department of Housing & Urban Development			<u>165,172</u>
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</u>			
Community Oriented Policing Services-Law Enforcement Technology	16.710		39,520
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership	16.607		10,740
I.C.E. Grant			14,689
Total-Department of Justice			<u>64,949</u>
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$ 230,121</u>

CITY OF ROMA
NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

- The City uses the fund types specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund because it is restricted for specific purposes.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus called the modified accrual basis of accounting. Nearly all Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Usually Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. When Federal grant funds are received before related expenditures are made, they are recorded as deferred revenues.

- The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extends 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Statement.